

Microsoft.AB-730J.v2026-09-03.q56

試験コード :

AB-730J

試験名称 :

AI Business Professional(AB-730日本語版)

認証ベンダー :

Microsoft

無料問題の数 :

56

バージョン :

v2026-09-03

ページの閲覧量 :

103

問題集の閲覧量 :

568

<https://www.jpnsiken.com/shiken/Microsoft.AB-730J.v2026-09-03.q56.html>

質問: 1

ビジネスにおけるAIの潜在的な倫理的問題点として、次のうちどれが挙げられますか？

- A. AIは常に偏りのない結果を生み出す
- B. AIは意思決定、特に採用において偏りをもたらす可能性がある
- C. AIシステムは普遍的に透明性がある
- D. AIシステムは人間の監視の必要性を排除する

正解: B (コメントを发表する)

AI models can perpetuate or even exacerbate bias if they are trained on biased data. For example, if a hiring algorithm is trained on historical data where certain groups were underrepresented, it may unintentionally favor certain candidates over others.

質問: 2

ホットスポットに関する質問

あなたは、Microsoft Teamsを含むMicrosoft 365アプリとサービスを利用するビジネスユーザーです。

あなたは仕事用アカウントを持っています。

会議を円滑に進めるために、Microsoft 365 Copilot を利用したいと考えているのですね。

以下の各記述について、正しい場合は「はい」を選択してください。そうでない場合は「いいえ」を選択してください。

注：正解ごとに1ポイントが加算されます。

Answer Area

Statements	Yes	No
Copilot can answer questions about Teams meetings that you are NOT invited to.	☐	☐
Copilot can provide summaries and answer questions about chat messages, channel posts, and Teams meetings.	☐	☐
Copilot can provide a summary of all the upcoming Teams meeting details you are invited to next week.	☐	☐

正解:

Answer Area

Statements Microsoft

	Yes	No
Copilot can answer questions about Teams meetings that you are NOT invited to.	☒	☐
Copilot can provide summaries and answer questions about chat messages, channel posts, and Teams meetings.	☒	☐
Copilot can provide a summary of all the upcoming Teams meeting details you are invited to next week.	☒	☐

Explanation:

Box 1: Yes

Yes - Copilot can answer questions about Teams meeting that you are NOT invited to.

Microsoft 365 Copilot can answer questions about Teams meetings you did not attend, provided the meeting was recorded, transcribed, and you have access to the meeting content within your organization. Copilot utilizes the meeting's transcript to generate summaries, identify action items, and answer specific queries post-meeting.

Key details regarding this functionality:

Access Requirements: You must have access to the meeting transcript and recording, generally requiring it to be an internal meeting where you have permission to view the shared content.

Post-Meeting Access: After a meeting concludes, Copilot can be used in the Teams chat or calendar to ask questions about the discussion, even if you were not on the invite list.

Functionality: Copilot can summarize key discussions, highlight decisions, and list action items by analyzing the transcript.

Limitations: It cannot access private, unrecorded, or untranscribed meetings. Also, it cannot summarize images, Loop components, or files shared in the chat.

This capability is designed to help users catch up on missed meetings or gain insights from relevant discussions they were not invited to, as long as they have the appropriate organizational permissions.

Box 2: Yes

Yes - Copilot can provide summaries and answer questions about chat messages, channel posts, and Teams meetings.

Microsoft 365 Copilot in Teams acts as an AI-powered assistant for meetings, chat messages, and channel posts, providing summaries and answering specific questions.

Key Capabilities in Teams:

*-> Meeting Summaries & Actions: Copilot can generate a "Recap" of meetings, including a summary of discussions, identification of key decisions, and a list of action items with owners.

Real-Time Meeting Assistance: During a live meeting, you can ask Copilot to summarize what you missed, highlight areas of agreement or disagreement, or list open questions.

*-> Chat and Channel Conversation Summaries: For long chat threads or channel conversations, Copilot can summarize the, highlight key points, and identify unanswered questions or takeaways.

*-> Answering Specific Questions: You can ask questions about past conversations, such as "What did [person] say about the budget?" or "Show me the links shared in this chat".

Preparing for Meetings: Before a meeting, Copilot can help you prepare by summarizing relevant documents, emails, and past chat history related to the meeting topic.

Integration with Microsoft 365: Summaries, notes, and action items generated by Copilot can be exported to Word or Planner for further collaboration.

Box 3: Yes

Yes - Copilot can provide a summary of all upcoming Teams meeting details you are invited to next week.

Microsoft 365 Copilot can provide a summary of your upcoming meetings for the next week. By searching your calendar, it can generate a list that includes meeting dates, times, and participant details.

How to Get Your Weekly Summary

You can access this overview by opening Copilot in Microsoft Teams or Microsoft 365 Chat and using prompts such as:

"What do I have coming up this week?"

"What do I have coming up next week?"

"Summarize my meetings for next week into a table with dates and attendees."

質問: 3

あなたは同僚とMicrosoft 365 Copilotについて話し合っています。同僚は、ワークスコープを使用する際にCopilotが質問に答えるためにどのデータを使用するのかを尋ねました。あなたは同僚に何と答えるべきでしょうか？

- A. コパイロットは、ユーザーがアクセスできるデータと、コパイロットがトレーニングを受けた一般的な知識のみに基づいて応答を提供します。
- B. Copilotは、組織のMicrosoft 365環境内のすべてのデータと、Copilotがトレーニングを受けた一般的な知識に基づいて応答を提供します。
- C. Copilotは、ユーザーがアクセスできるデータのみに基づいて応答を提供します。
- D. コパイロットは、コパイロットが訓練を受けた一般的な知識のみに基づいて応答します。

正解: ([正解を表示します](#))

Microsoft 365 Copilot uses a combination of its general training data (the underlying Large Language Model) and your organization's data when operating in the "Work" scope. However, it is designed to prioritize your organizational data first, a process known as "grounding".

Here is how Microsoft 365 Copilot uses knowledge in the Work scope:

1. Grounding in Your Data (Primary Source)

When you ask a question in the work scope (e.g., in Teams, Outlook, or via the M365 app), Copilot uses Retrieval Augmented Generation (RAG) to "ground" its answer in your organization's data via Microsoft Graph.

What it accesses: Files, emails, chats, calendars, and contacts that you have permission to view.

Purpose: To provide accurate, personalized, and context-specific answers rather than generic ones.

2. General Knowledge (Fallback Source)

If Copilot cannot find relevant information within your organizational data to answer your prompt, it may use its underlying training data to provide a response.

This is typically used for broader, conceptual, or general knowledge questions that are not specific to your company's documents or communications.

Reference:

<https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/topic/what-information-does-copilot-use-to-answer-my-prompt-934f537d-ff7d-4059-9fec-a751e4651307>

質問: 4

あなたはMicrosoft 365 Copilotライセンスをお持ちです。

あなたはPowerPointでCopilotを使用してビジネスプレゼンテーションを作成しています。

PowerPointでCopilotを使用すると、どのような2つのタスクを実行できますか？正解ごとに、完全なソリューションが示されています。

注：正解ごとに1ポイントが加算されます。

- A. スライド上の特定のオブジェクトにカスタムアニメーションを挿入します。

- B. プレゼンテーションの内容に基づいてスライドレイアウトを作成します。
- C. プレゼンテーションのデザインテーマを会社のブランディングに合わせてカスタマイズします。
- D. プレゼンテーションの要点を基にした要約スライドを作成してください。

正解: B,D ([コメントを发表する](#))

[B]

With a Microsoft 365 Copilot license, users can leverage AI in PowerPoint to automatically create, restructure, and design slide layouts based on prompt-driven content or existing documents.

Copilot generates tailored, visually appealing slides, adds images, creates outlines, and maintains consistent, professional formatting.

Key capabilities of Copilot in PowerPoint include:

Content Creation: Generate full presentations or individual slides from text prompts, or by summarizing Word documents and PDFs.

*-> Layout and Design: Automatically suggest and apply, appropriate layouts, themes, and visual elements, such as SmartArt or images.

Editing and Refinement: Rewrite, restructure, and reformat existing slides to improve narrative flow.

File Transformation: Convert, for example, a project proposal document directly into a structured slide deck.

Efficiency Features: Summarize presentations, generate speaker notes, and translate content while preserving formatting.

[D] Microsoft 365 Copilot in PowerPoint (requires a license) can instantly generate a summary slide, action items, or a high-level overview by analyzing up to 40,000 words in your presentation.

By selecting the Copilot button on the Home tab and prompting it, users can instantly distill, reorganize, or summarize long, complex, or newly created decks.

Key Capabilities of Copilot in PowerPoint for Summarization:

*-> Generate Summary Slide: Use prompts like "Summarize this presentation" or "Summarize this presentation as a high-level overview" in the Copilot pane to create a summary slide based on key points.

Identify Action Items: Copilot can pinpoint key takeaways and necessary actions from the deck.

Tailor for Audience: Ask Copilot to customize the summary for specific audiences, such as executives.

Contextual Analysis: Copilot reviews all slides, notes, and content to provide a concise, structured overview.

Source Citations: Copilot provides references to indicate where it pulled information from in the presentation.

Easy Copy/Paste: Summaries can be easily copied to the clipboard for use in emails or other documents.

Incorrect:

[Not C]

While Microsoft 365 Copilot is incredibly powerful for generating content and layouts, its ability to "create" or "customize" a brand-new design theme from scratch is currently limited.

Here is the breakdown of how Copilot interacts with company branding:

1. It Uses Your Existing Templates

Copilot cannot invent your brand colors or logos out of thin air. Instead, it works best when you start with a branded template.

2. It Doesn't "Design" the Theme

You cannot currently give Copilot a command like "Change the theme to match our company's blue and orange hex codes" if those aren't already in the slide master. You still need a human (or a designer) to set up the Slide Master first.

Reference:

<https://www.mauriziolacava.com/en/microsoft-copilot-powerpoint-guide/>

<https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/office/summarize-your-presentation-with-copilot-in-powerpoint-499e604c-4ab9-4f6a-9dbe-691cc87f2f69>

質問: 5

AIにおけるレコメンデーションシステムの目的は何ですか？

- A. 過去のデータに基づいて売上高を予測する
- B. ユーザーの好みに基づいて、製品、コンテンツ、またはサービスを提案する
- C. 不正取引を検出する
- D. サプライチェーン業務を最適化する

正解: [\(正解を表示します\)](#)

Recommendation systems use algorithms to analyze past behaviors and preferences to suggest products, services, or content that users are likely to be interested in. Commonly used by e-commerce sites, streaming platforms, and digital content providers.

質問: 6

ホットスポットに関する質問

文を正しく完成させる選択肢を選びなさい。

Answer Area

From Microsoft 365, you

cannot modify the settings of

can modify the agent instructions of

can add an additional suggested prompt to

can delete one of the suggested prompts from

the Researcher agent

正解:

Answer Area

From Microsoft 365, you

cannot modify the settings of

can modify the agent instructions of

can add an additional suggested prompt to

can delete one of the suggested prompts from

the Researcher agent.

質問: 7

ホットスポットに関する質問

文を正しく完成させる選択肢を選びなさい。

Answer Area

Microsoft Defender for Cloud
Microsoft Entra ID
Microsoft Intune
Microsoft Purview

enables organizations to apply governance policies to conversations generated by using Microsoft 365 Copilot.



正解:

Answer Area

Microsoft Defender for Cloud
Microsoft Entra ID
Microsoft Intune
Microsoft Purview

enables organizations to apply governance policies to conversations generated by using Microsoft 365 Copilot.



質問: 8

ホットスポットに関する質問

文を正しく完成させる選択肢を選びなさい。

Answer Area

The Common Data Model
Enterprise data protection (EDP)
Sensitivity labels
Zero Trust

in Microsoft 365 Copilot ensures that business data stays within a Microsoft 365 tenant and is **NOT** used to train AI models.



正解:

Answer Area
The Common Data Model
Enterprise data protection (EDP)
Sensitivity labels
Zero Trust

in Microsoft 365 Copilot ensures that business data stays within a Microsoft 365 tenant and is **NOT** used to train AI models.

Explanation:

Box: Enterprise data protection (EDP)

Enterprise Data Protection (EDP) in Microsoft 365 Copilot is a set of security and privacy commitments designed to protect your organization's sensitive information.

Key protections provided by EDP include:

No AI Training: Your prompts, Copilot's responses, and any data accessed via Microsoft Graph (like emails, files, and chats) are not used to train Microsoft's foundational large language models (LLMs).

Tenant Isolation: Your data stays within the Microsoft 365 service boundary and is logically isolated from other organizations' data.

Respects Permissions: Copilot inherits your organization's existing access controls and Microsoft Purview sensitivity labels, ensuring users only see data they are already authorized to access.

Compliance Standards: It adheres to major regulatory standards, including GDPR, ISO/IEC 27018, and the Microsoft Data Protection Addendum (DPA).

Secure Web Queries: Even when using web grounding via Bing, queries are de-identified and handled separately to maintain your privacy.

質問: 9

トレーニングプランを作成するには、Microsoft 365 Copilotを使用します。

組織内に、新しい研修計画と類似した既存の研修計画がないかどうかを確認する必要があります。

Copilotでは何を使うべきですか？

- A. 検索
- B. デザイナー
- C. アプリ
- D. ページ

正解: ([正解を表示します](#))

To check for existing similar training plans using Microsoft 365 Copilot, you can leverage its ability to scan your organization's data across apps like SharePoint, OneDrive, and Teams.

*-> 1. Direct Search with Copilot Chat

Use the Microsoft 365 Copilot Chat (Work mode) to perform a cross-tenant search. This is the most efficient way to identify overlapping content across different departments.

Prompt Idea: "Search my OneDrive, SharePoint, and Teams for any existing training plans or course outlines related to [Your Topic]. Summarize how they are similar to this new plan." Specific Check: Ask Copilot to "highligh

2. File Comparison in OneDrive

Etc.

Reference:

<https://support.microsoft.com/en-au/office/view-all-of-your-tasks-and-plans-9c7a9c8e-b26e-451a-a49d-952132abe270>

質問: 10

ビジネスにおいてAIを活用する主な目的は何ですか？

- A. 人間の従業員を完全に置き換える
- B. 顧客エンゲージメントを減らす
- C. 意思決定を強化し、プロセスを自動化する

D. 業務運営の複雑性を高める

正解: ([正解を表示します](#))

AI helps businesses improve decision-making by analyzing data patterns and automating repetitive tasks. Rather than replacing human employees entirely, AI is used to optimize workflows and make smarter decisions in areas like customer support, marketing, and supply chain management.

質問: 11

製品戦略チームは、Microsoft 365に保存されている顧客フィードバック文書や社内会議議事録を分析するために、Microsoft 365 Copilotを使用しています。チームは、Copilotによって、製品改善の優先順位付けや顧客からの繰り返し寄せられる懸念事項の特定に役立つ構造化されたインサイトを生成したいと考えています。

プロンプトを設計する際、チームはCopilotが的を絞った、実行可能な応答を生成することを確実にしたいと考えています。Copilotの応答の有効性を最も向上させるプロンプト設計手法はどれですか？(2つ選択してください)

- A. 制約を指定せずにCopilotに応答を生成するよう依頼することで、より幅広い洞察が得られます。
- B. プロンプトの目的と、副操縦士が実行すべき具体的なタスクを明確に説明してください。
- C. 単一の指示内で複数の無関係な分析を要求するプロンプトを送信する
- D. プロンプトで指定しなくても、Copilotが出力構造を決定できるようにする
- E. Copilotがリクエストを正確に解釈するのに役立つ関連コンテキスト情報を提供してください

正解: ([正解を表示します](#))

Clearly describe the objective of the prompt and the specific task Copilot should perform is correct because effective prompts explicitly define the task or objective. Clear instructions help Copilot understand what analysis or output is required, resulting in more relevant responses.

Provide relevant contextual information that helps Copilot interpret the request accurately is correct because contextual information improves Copilot's ability to generate responses aligned with the user's intent. Including context such as the subject matter, data scope, or desired outcome leads to more useful insights.

Reference:

<https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/training/modules/employ-copilot-assistant/3-write-effective-prompts-optimize-copilot-responses>

質問: 12

Microsoft 365 Copilot に、Web の情報に基づいてレポートを作成するように依頼します。

回答を検証すると、一部の情報が架空のものであることが判明する。

これは何の一例ですか？

- A. ディープフェイク
- B. 製造
- C. 過度の依存
- D. プロンプトインジェクション
- E. バイアス

正解: ([正解を表示します](#))

In Microsoft 365 Copilot, when a generated report includes fictional or factually incorrect information that sounds plausible, it is primarily called a hallucination. While some technical discussions use terms like fabrication to describe the act of inventing details, "hallucination" is the industry-standard term for this phenomenon.

Key characteristics of these errors include:

Hallucination: Occurs when the AI generates content that is not grounded in the provided data or real-world facts, often appearing coherent but being entirely inaccurate.

*-> Fabricated Answers: The model may "fill in the blanks" with invented numbers, dates, or names when it lacks specific information from its sources.

Ungrounded Content: Microsoft specifically uses this term to describe information that does not align with the connected data sources, such as web info or internal documents.

Confabulation: An alternative metaphor sometimes used to describe the creative "gap-filling" process the AI performs when it lacks data.

Incorrect:

[Not A]

Deepfakes specifically refer to synthetic media-such as images, videos, or audio recordings- that have been manipulated to mimic a real person's likeness or voice. These are typically created deliberately to deceive or mislead.

[Not E]

Bias refers to the tendency of the AI to generate outputs that unintentionally reflect, reinforce, or amplify harmful stereotypes, societal inequalities, or prejudices present in its training data.

Because Copilot is a generative AI tool trained on vast amounts of internet text and user data, it can inadvertently produce content that is skewed toward specific viewpoints, cultures, or demographics.

Reference:

<https://www.crmsoftwareblog.com/2026/02/speak-ai-fluently-a-complete-guide-to-understanding-microsoft-365-copilot-terminology/>

質問: 13

自然言語処理(NLP)の主要な機能として、次のうちどれが挙げられますか？

A. 過去のデータに基づいて将来のトレンドを予測する

B. テキストまたは音声における人間の言語の分析と理解

C. 工場における生産ラインの最適化

D. 不正取引の検出と防止

正解: B (コメントを发表する)

NLP allows machines to read, understand, and generate human language, enabling AI systems to interact with users through text and speech. It's used in applications such as chatbots, sentiment analysis, and language translation.

質問: 14

ホットスポットに関する質問

文を正しく完成させる選択肢を選びなさい。

Answer Area

Overreliance is a common risk associated with generative AI, where

Microsoft

users exploit vulnerabilities to elicit unauthorized behavior.

the model is tricked into exposing confidential information.

the model generates misleading, inaccurate, or irrelevant content.

users accept the AI-generated output without verifying its accuracy.

正解:

Answer Area

Overreliance is a common risk associated with generative AI, where

users exploit vulnerabilities to elicit unauthorized behavior.

the model is tricked into exposing confidential information.

the model generates misleading, inaccurate, or irrelevant content.

users accept the AI-generated output without verifying its accuracy.

質問: 15

AIバイアス」とは何を指すのですか？

- A. AIシステムは偏った決定しかできない
- B. AIシステムは、データに含まれる意図しないバイアスに影響された意思決定を行う。
- C. AIシステムは人間のミスの影響を受けない
- D. AIシステムは、偏ったデータで学習した場合にのみ正しく機能する。

正解: [\(正解を表示します\)](#)

AI bias occurs when the AI system produces results that are skewed due to biased data, training models, or algorithms. This is a significant ethical issue in AI and can affect outcomes in areas like recruitment, lending, and criminal justice.

質問: 16

ホットスポットに関する質問

以下の各記述について、正しい場合は「はい」を選択してください。そうでない場合は「いいえ」を選択してください。

注：正解ごとに1ポイントが加算されます。

Answer Area

Microsoft

Statements

Microsoft 365 Copilot can use its own model knowledge to make the response of a prompt more specific.

Microsoft 365 Copilot can use business data that will provide additional context to make the response of a prompt more specific.

Microsoft 365 Copilot can use the latest information from the web that will provide additional context to make a prompt more specific.

Yes

No

☐

☐

☐

☐

☐

☐

正解:

Statements	Yes	No
Microsoft 365 Copilot can use its own model knowledge to make the response of a prompt more specific.	☒	☐
Microsoft 365 Copilot can use business data that will provide additional context to make the response of a prompt more specific.	☒	☐
Microsoft 365 Copilot can use the latest information from the web that will provide additional context to make a prompt more specific.	☒	☐

Explanation:

Box 1: Yes

Yes - Microsoft 365 Copilot can use its own model knowledge to make the response of a prompt more specific.

Microsoft 365 Copilot utilizes its extensive internal model knowledge, in combination with grounding on your organization's data, to provide specific, relevant, and actionable responses.

While Copilot heavily leverages "grounding"--using Microsoft Graph to pull in your emails, chats, and documents--it also relies on the underlying Large Language Models (LLMs) to understand context, infer meaning, and fill in details.

Box 2: Yes

Yes - Microsoft 365 Copilot can use business data that will provide additional context to make the response of prompt more specific.

Microsoft 365 Copilot leverages your organization's business data to enhance the accuracy and relevance of its responses through a process called grounding. By connecting to the Microsoft Graph, Copilot can access, analyze, and synthesize information from your emails, chats, documents, calendar, and meetings.

Box 3: Yes

Yes - Microsoft 365 Copilot can use the latest information from the web that will provide additional context to make a prompt more specific.

Microsoft 365 Copilot uses web grounding to incorporate the latest information from the internet into its responses. This process allows Copilot to provide context that goes beyond its initial training data and your internal organizational files.

How Web Context Enhances Prompts

Real-Time Information: Copilot can access current events, such as latest news, regulatory shifts, or quarterly earnings, ensuring responses aren't limited by a training data cutoff.

Automated Search Queries: When a prompt requires external context, Copilot automatically generates a focused search query (using a few keywords) and sends it to the Bing Search service.

Direct URL Referencing: You can explicitly provide a web page URL in your prompt (e.g.,

"Summarize this article: [URL]") to force Copilot to extract and use information directly from that specific source.

Comprehensive Synthesis: In many scenarios, Copilot can combine this web data with your internal work data (from Microsoft Graph) to provide a unified answer that is both organization- specific and globally current.

有効的な**AB-730J**問題集はJPNTTest.com提供され、**AB-730J**試験に合格することに役に立ちます！JPNTTest.comは今最新**AB-730J**試験問題集を提供します。JPNTTest.com AB-730J試験問題集はもう更新されました。ここで**AB-730J**問題集のテストエンジンを手に入れます。最新版のアクセス、<https://www.jpntest.com/shiken/AB-730J-mondaishu> **88問、30%ディスカウント**、特別な割引コード: **JPNshiken**」

質問: 17

あなたは、自社のマーケティングチーム向けに、Microsoft 365 Copilot アプリでカスタムエージェントを作成しています。このエージェントは、コピー、ロゴ、アートワークなどのマーケティング資料を作成するために使用されます。エージェントには何を追加すべきでしょうか？複数の選択肢で目的を達成できる可能性があります。

最も適切な答えを選択してください。

- A. コードインタープリタ
- B. 画像ジェネレーター
- C. 提案されたプロンプト
- D. テンプレート

正解: ([正解を表示します](#))

To create a custom marketing agent in Microsoft 365 Copilot that handles both copywriting and visual assets (logos and artwork), follow these steps to set up the agent and enable the image generation capability:

1. Build the Marketing Agent

You can build this agent using the Microsoft Copilot Studio or the Agent Builder directly within the Microsoft 365 Copilot app.

Define Purpose: Use the Describe tab to tell the builder what the agent is for (e.g., "A marketing assistant that drafts social media copy, blog posts, and creates brand-consistent logos and artwork").

Set the Tone: Instruct the agent to follow specific brand guidelines, such as being "professional yet creative" or "energetic and modern".

Add Knowledge: Upload your brand kit, past successful campaigns, or style guides as Knowledge Sources to ensure the generated copy and visuals align with your existing branding.

*-> 2. Enable the Image Generator

To allow the agent to produce logos and artwork, you must explicitly enable the image generation capability in the agent's settings.

Via Agent Builder: Go to the Configure tab of your agent.

Toggle Capability: Scroll to the Capabilities section and toggle the switch next to Create images.

Technical Note: If you are building the agent using the Microsoft 365 Agents Toolkit, you must add the GraphicArt value to the capabilities property in your manifest file (requires version 1.2 or later).

3. Produce Marketing Collateral

Reference:

<https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/microsoft-365-copilot/extensibility/image-generator>

質問: 18

財務アナリストは、Microsoft 365 に保存されている四半期業績レポートを分析するために、Microsoft 365 Copilot Chat を使用しています。アナリストは Copilot にレポートの要約を依頼しますが、返される回答は一般的すぎて、収益動向や運用リスクに関する実用的な洞察が欠けています。アナリストは、これらのレポートを扱う際の Copilot の回答の有用性を向上させたいと考えています。Microsoft 365 Copilot Chat でプロンプトを作成する際に、アナリストはどのような操作を行うべきでしょうか？

- A. Copilotに、より多くの洞察が自動的に含まれるように、より長い回答を生成するよう依頼してください。
- B. 回答の範囲を広げるために、同じプロンプトに複数の無関係な質問を提出してください。
- C. 追加のコンテキストを提供し、必要な分析または洞察の種類を明確に説明してください。
- D. 短いプロンプトを提供し、Copilotが分析要件を推測できるようにします。

正解: ([正解を表示します](#))

Provide additional context and clearly describe the type of analysis or insights required is correct because effective prompts in Microsoft 365 Copilot should include clear instructions, relevant context, and the desired outcome. Specifying the type of analysis such as identifying revenue trends or operational risks helps Copilot generate more targeted and useful responses.

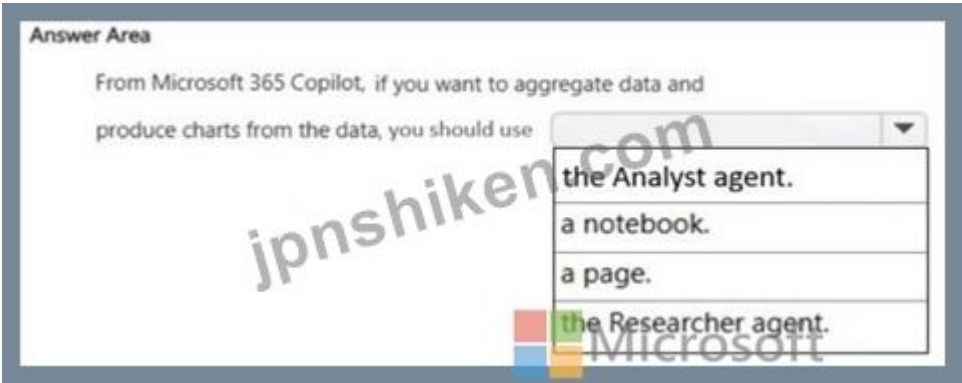
Reference:

<https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/training/modules/employ-copilot-assistant/4-manage-prompts-conversations-copilot-chat?ns-enrollment-type=learningpath&ns-enrollment-id=learn- m365.wvl.transform-business-workflows-with-ai>

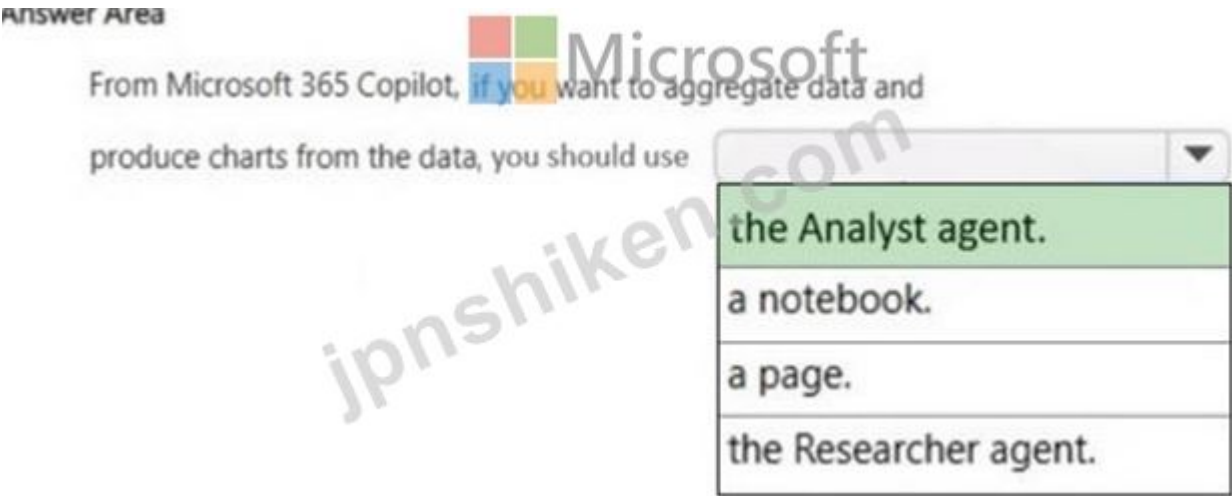
質問: 19

ホットスポットに関する質問

文を正しく完成させる選択肢を選びなさい。



正解:



質問: 20

あなたは医学研究者です。

Microsoft 365 Copilotが、あなたの専門分野に適したプロフェッショナルな方法で応答することを確認する必要があります。

目標を達成するための最善のアプローチは何ですか？複数の選択肢が目標を達成できる可能性があります。最も適切な回答を選択してください。

- A. 会話の中で、質問に例を添えてください。
- B. 設定からカスタム指示を設定します。
- C. 会話の中で、サンプルプロンプトを作成し、それをコパイロットプロンプトギャラリーに保存します。
- D. 設定から、コパイロットメモリを設定します。

正解: (正解を表示します)

You can use the Custom instructions feature to tailor Microsoft 365 Copilot's behavior specifically for the medical or healthcare field. By configuring these settings, you ensure Copilot adopts a specific persona, tone, and formatting style across all your interactions without needing to repeat those requirements in every prompt.

How to Configure Custom Instructions

1. Access Settings: In the Microsoft 365 Copilot Chat interface (web, Teams, or Outlook), click the three dots (...) or the gear icon in the top-right corner.
2. Navigate to Personalization: Select Settings, then go to the Personalization tab.
3. Edit Instructions: Find the Custom instructions tile and select Edit instructions.
4. Define Your Field: Fill in the two main fields:
 - 4a. What would you like Copilot to know about you?: Enter your role (e.g., "I am a clinical researcher" or "I am a general practitioner") and your area of expertise.
 - 4b. How would you like Copilot to respond?: Specify the medical tone (e.g., "Use formal medical terminology," "Always provide citations from peer-reviewed sources," or "Format summaries as clinical SOAP notes").
5. Save: Select Save instructions to apply these preferences globally to your Copilot experience.

Reference:

<https://support.microsoft.com/en-gb/topic/customize-how-microsoft-365-copilot-responds-to-you-8b826c0d-eb78-493e-a30d-4490ec1c4b9e>

質問: 21

あなたは、自社と他社との提携に関する提案を要約する予定です。

プロジェクト開始会議のために、提案書の内容を3～5つの要点を箇条書きにしたリストとしてまとめるには、Microsoft 365 Copilotを使用する必要があります。各箇条書きは簡潔かつ分かりやすい言葉で記述してください。

設問に含めるべき2つの詳細情報はどれですか？それぞれの正解は、解答の一部を示しています。

注：正解ごとに1ポイントが加算されます。

- A. パートナーシップの主要関係者の連絡先一覧
- B. 研究者エージェントを使用して生成された両社のプロフィール
- C. 回答の根拠となる具体的な知識源
- D. 提案書の取り扱いに関する簡潔な指示

正解: B,C ([コメントを发表する](#))

[B]

Using the Researcher agent in Microsoft 365 Copilot is an effective way to generate concise, tailored company profiles (including key data like industry, size, and recent news) to include in a project proposal summary.

For a project kickoff, the Researcher agent can analyze internal documents, web sources, and emails to provide a structured report that helps ensure all stakeholders are aligned.

[C]

To get the most accurate and "grounded" summary for your project kickoff, you should prompt Microsoft 365 Copilot to use Graph-grounded data (often referred to as your Organization's Data or Tenant Data).

Specifically, if you want Copilot to pull in official company profiles and project context, you should reference the Microsoft Graph by using the "forward slash" (/) command to link specific files or by asking Copilot to search internal SharePoint/OneDrive resources.

Why this works

The Microsoft Graph: This is the "brain" that connects your emails, files, meetings, and chats. By grounding the prompt here, Copilot looks at your specific version of the company history rather than what is on the general internet.

Verification: Copilot will provide citations (small numbers next to the text). You can click these to see exactly which document the company profile information came from, ensuring it's the "official" version.

Reference:

<https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/topic/get-started-with-researcher-in-microsoft-365-copilot-e63ab760-f3de-4c47-ae87-dad601b0e9c4>

<https://linkurious.com/blog/interview-sara-duane-knowledge-managemen>

質問: 22

Microsoft 365 Copilot では、プロンプトを保存します。

保存されたプロンプトに対して実行できる2つの操作はどれですか？正解ごとに完全な解決策が表示されます。

注：正解ごとに1ポイントが加算されます。

- A. 保存済みのプロンプトテキストを変更します。
- B. 保存したプロンプトをコパイロットプロンプトギャラリーから削除します。
- C. 保存したプロンプトのタイトルを更新します。
- D. 保存したプロンプトを毎日実行するようにスケジュールします。
- E. 保存したプロンプトを Microsoft Teams チームに共有します。

正解: ([正解を表示します](#))

[B]

You can remove saved prompts from the Copilot Prompt Gallery (also known as Copilot Lab) by following these steps:

1. Access the Gallery: Open the Copilot Prompt Gallery by selecting View Prompts or Prompt Gallery within Microsoft 365 Copilot chat.
2. Locate Your Prompts: Navigate to the Your prompts tab to see your personal library of saved items.
3. Remove the Prompt:
 - 3a. Find the specific prompt tile you wish to delete.
 - 3b. Click the three-dot menu (...) or the Remove button associated with the prompt to delete it from your collection.
4. Manage Shared Prompts: If you have shared a prompt with a team, you can remove it by going to the Team prompts tab, selecting the relevant team, and choosing the Remove option.

[E]

Saved Microsoft 365 Copilot prompts can be shared directly to a Microsoft Teams team via the Prompt Gallery. By selecting the share icon on a saved prompt and choosing "share to team" the prompt becomes accessible to all team members under the "Team Prompts" tab in their own Prompt Gallery.

Steps to Share a Saved Prompt to a Team:

1. Open Prompt Gallery: Open the Copilot panel in Teams, Outlook, or M365 app.
2. Find Saved Prompt: Navigate to the "Your Prompts" (personal) tab.
3. Share to Team: Click the Share icon on the prompt, then select "Share to team".
4. Select Team: Choose the specific Microsoft Team you wish to share it with.
5. Confirm: Once shared, team members can access it under the "Team Prompts" section.

Supposed incorrect answers:

Yes, in Microsoft 365 Copilot, saving a prompt stores it in the Copilot Prompt Gallery under the

"Your prompts" tab for future reuse. This allows you to quickly access, edit, or run customized, frequently used queries without retyping them, enhancing workflow efficiency.

Managing Your Saved Prompts

1. Access the Gallery: Go to the Copilot Prompt Gallery and select the Your prompts tab to see your collection.

[A, C] 2. Edit and Refine: Click on a prompt tile to view, edit, or run it. You can also modify Microsoft-curated prompts and save them as your own.

[D] Set a Schedule: To automate a prompt, hover over it in the chat interface and select the clock icon (Schedule this prompt).

Manage Schedules: Use the three-dot menu (...) in the Copilot Chat window and select Scheduled prompts to adjust the time, frequency, or turn them off.

Reference:

<https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/topic/managing-saved-prompts-for-uninstalled-agents-bc099d79-9f98-4b02-8400-ae3295919ab6>

<https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/topic/sharing-prompts-with-a-team-2fa7a228-8645-4dc4-beec-d75d6d0bc752>

質問: 23

あなたはMicrosoft 365 Copilotを使用して、Microsoft Excelでの生産性を向上させています。

Excel の Copilot を使用して実現できる 2 つのタスクは何ですか？それぞれの正解には、完全なソリューションが示されています。

注：正解ごとに1ポイントが加算されます。

A. データの条件付き書式設定ルールをカスタマイズします。

B. 特定の書式設定を持つカスタムグラフを挿入します。

C. データから重要な洞察の要約を生成します。

D. データに基づいてピボットテーブルを作成します。

正解: ([正解を表示します](#))

Microsoft 365 Copilot in Excel enhances productivity by enabling users to analyze, format, and visualize data instantly using natural language prompts. It automates complex tasks like formula generation, trend identification, and data cleaning, significantly reducing manual effort and speeding up decision-making. Key capabilities include generating pivot tables, creating charts, and summarizing data effortlessly.

Key Productivity Enhancements in Excel with Copilot:

[C] Data Analysis and Insights: Copilot can analyze complex datasets, identify trends, and generate insights without requiring manual setup, helping users make data-driven decisions faster.

Formula Generation and Manipulation: It suggests and creates complex formulas, functions, and data manipulation techniques, which speeds up calculations and analysis.

Data Cleaning and Formatting: Copilot automates the cleaning of inconsistent entries, such as removing duplicates or handling missing values, and enhances table formatting for easier interpretation.

[D] Visualization and Chart Creation: It can instantly generate charts and pivot tables based on conversational prompts, turning raw data into visual insights.

Workflow Automation: By acting as an AI assistant, it automates routine, time

Reference: <https://business.canon.com.au/insights/features-of-microsoft-copilo>

質問: 24

ビジネス環境における機械学習の役割とは？

A. データ分析を手動で行う

B. データから洞察を得て結果を予測する

- C. 人間の介入なしにすべての業務プロセスを自動化する
- D. 意思決定における人間の判断の必要性を排除する

正解: ([正解を表示します](#))

Machine learning algorithms analyze data to detect patterns, learn from the data, and make predictions or recommendations. This helps businesses make data-driven decisions without human intervention in every aspect, improving accuracy and efficiency.

質問: 25

AIは企業による不正行為の検出にどのように役立つのか？

- A. 顧客行動を完璧な精度で予測することで
- B. 取引データを分析し、不審なパターンを特定することによって
- C. 手動監査の必要性を排除することで
- D. 不正行為に関する問い合わせに対する顧客サポートを自動化する

正解: B ([コメントを発表する](#))

AI-driven fraud detection systems analyze transaction patterns in real-time to spot anomalies or unusual behavior. This can help prevent fraudulent activities such as identity theft, money laundering, or fraudulent claims.

質問: 26

グローバルコンサルティング会社が、Word、Outlook、Microsoft Teamsなどのコラボレーションツール全体の生産性を向上させるために、Microsoft 365 Copilotを導入しています。経営陣は、従業員が自然言語による指示を使用して、文書の作成、会議の議論の確認、組織のコラボレーションデータからの洞察の特定といった一般的なタスクを迅速に進めることを期待しています。Microsoft 365 エクスペリエンス内で、Microsoft 365 Copilotによってサポートされている機能は次のうちどれですか？

(3つ選択)

- A. 自然言語プロンプトを使用して、Microsoft 365アプリケーション内で下書きコンテンツと要約を生成する
- B. Microsoft 全体で既存の Power Automate フローを置き換える自動ワークフロー トリガーを作成する
- C. Microsoft Teamsで会議の要約を作成し、重要な議論のポイントとアクションアイテムを強調表示する
- D. Microsoft 365テナントデータから直接、組織固有の大規模言語モデルをトレーニングする
- E. Microsoft Graphシグナルを通じて組織データに基づいた応答を提供することで、状況に応じた支援を提供する

正解: ([正解を表示します](#))

Generating draft content and summaries within Microsoft 365 applications using natural language prompts is correct because Microsoft 365 Copilot enables users to create drafts, summaries, and structured content directly within applications such as Word, Outlook, and PowerPoint by using natural language instructions.

Summarizing meetings and highlighting key discussion points and action items in Microsoft Teams is correct because Microsoft 365 Copilot can analyze meeting transcripts and conversations in Microsoft Teams to produce summaries, highlight important discussion topics, and identify follow-up actions.

Providing contextual assistance by grounding responses in organizational data through Microsoft Graph signals is correct because Microsoft 365 Copilot combines large language models with Microsoft Graph data such as emails, documents, meetings, and chats to generate responses that are relevant to the organization's context and user permissions.

References:

<https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/copilot/microsoft-365/microsoft-365-copilot-overview>

<https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/office365/servicedescriptions/office-365-platform-service-description/microsoft-365-copilot#:~:text=Copilot%20in%20Teams%20enables%20AI,time%20and%20unlock%20your%20creativity>

<https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/training/modules/what-generative-ai/4-copilot-workflow-companion?ns-enrollment-type=learningpath&ns-enrollment-id=learn-m365.wwl.transform-business-workflows-with-ai>

質問: 27

Microsoft 365 Copilotには、新製品開発のための調査に関連するページが複数あります。

ページに関するさまざまなCopilotの会話を簡素化する必要があります。

まず最初に何をすべきでしょうか？

- A. 物語を作りましょう。
- B. ページをノートに追加します。
- C. ページを会話に追加します。
- D. ページをローカルにダウンロードします。

正解: ([正解を表示します](#))

While Microsoft 365 Copilot does not have a single "merge" button for multiple chat histories, you can effectively consolidate different conversations into a single entity using these primary methods:

1. Use Copilot Pages for Dynamic Consolidation

Copilot Pages is the most robust way to build a single "source of truth" from multiple chats.

Add Responses: Below any Copilot response, click the pencil icon to create a new page or the drop-down arrow to add the response to an existing page.

Iterative Building: You can continue different chats and keep sending relevant outputs to the same page, effectively merging various threads into one organized document.

*-> 2. Leverage Copilot Notebooks

For projects requiring high-volume consolidation, Copilot Notebooks allow you to aggregate diverse sources.

Aggregate Sources: You can pull in OneDrive files, SharePoint documents, and even specific chat snippets.

Consolidated Output: Use a prompt like "Create an executive summary based on all references in this notebook" to generate one unified entity.

Reference:

https://techcommunity.microsoft.com/blog/microsoft_365blog/introducing-copilot-notebooks-a-whole-new-way-to-work-with-ai-in-onenote/4428626

質問: 28

あなたはMicrosoft Outlookでの生産性を向上させるために、Microsoft 365 Copilotを使用しています。

Outlook の Copilot を使用して実行できる 2 つのタスクは何ですか？それぞれの正解には、完全なソリューションが示されています。

注：正解ごとに1ポイントが加算されます。

- A. 特定の書式を持つカスタム HTML 署名を挿入します。
- B. 会話の文脈に基づいて、メールへの返信の下書きを生成します。
- C. 受信トレイにある未読メールの要約を作成します。
- D. メールを整理するためにフォルダ構造をカスタマイズします。

正解: B,C ([コメントを发表する](#))

[B]

Microsoft 365 Copilot in Outlook generates tailored email drafts based on conversation context, allowing users to quickly create, summarize, or adjust replies for tone and length. By clicking the Copilot icon, users can generate responses, customize them, and utilize features like Coaching Tips to improve communication.

Key Features of Copilot in Outlook for Email Drafting:

Draft with Copilot: Accessible in the ribbon, this allows for generating a new email or a reply from scratch based on a prompt.

Context-Aware Responses: Copilot analyzes previous emails in a thread to ensure the response is relevant.

Tone & Length Adjustment: Users can refine the draft to be more concise, confident, formal, or casual.

"Reply with Copilot": Specifically in Outlook for Mac and web, this option provides fast, pre-generated, or custom replies.

Coaching Tips: Provides suggestions to improve the clarity, tone, and sentiment of the email before sending.

[C]

Microsoft 365 Copilot in Outlook allows you to summarize unread emails and lengthy conversation threads to help you catch up quickly.

How to Summarize in Outlook

Summarize a Thread: Open a long email conversation and select Summary by Copilot (or Summarize) at the top of the email thread. Copilot will scan the key points and provide a concise summary with numbered citations that link back to specific emails.

*-> Summarize Unread/Missed Emails: You can use the Copilot Chat pane (located in the navigation bar) to ask for broader summaries across your inbox.

Prompt Example: "Summarize my unread emails from today" or "What did I miss from my manager last week?".

Voice Catch-up (Mobile): On the Outlook mobile app, you can tap "voice catch-up" to have Copilot summarize your unread emails and guide you through actions hands-free.

Reference:

<https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/office/summarize-an-email-thread-with-copilot-in-outlook-a79873f2-396b-46dc-b852-7fe5947ab640>

質問: 29

ホットスポットに関する質問

以下の各記述について、正しい場合は「はい」を選択してください。そうでない場合は「いいえ」を選択してください。

注：正解ごとに1ポイントが加算されます。

Answer Area	Statements	Yes	No
	Microsoft 365 Copilot uses your business data to train underlying AI models.	☐	☐
	Microsoft 365 Copilot automatically assigns permissions to resources, so that users can find information more easily.	☐	☐
	Microsoft 365 Copilot uses the same underlying data access controls as other Microsoft 365 services to ensure that users are presented with only information to which they have access.	☐	☐

正解:

Answer Area

Statements

Microsoft 365 Copilot uses your business data to train underlying AI models.

Microsoft 365 Copilot automatically assigns permissions to resources, so that users can find information more easily.

Microsoft 365 Copilot uses the same underlying data access controls as other Microsoft 365 services to ensure that users are presented with only information to which they have access.

Yes	No
☐	☒
☐	☒
☒	☐

Explanation:

Box 1: No

No - Microsoft 365 Copilot uses your business data to train underlying AI models.

No Training on Customer Data: Microsoft does not use customer data, prompts, or interactions with the Microsoft Graph (emails, documents, chat history) to train the foundation Large Language Models (LLMs) that power Microsoft 365 Copilot.

Data Stays within Tenant: Your data, prompts, and Copilot's responses remain within your Microsoft 365 service boundary, adhering to your organization's existing privacy, security, and compliance policies.

Enterprise Data Protection (EDP): For users with an organizational Entra ID account, Copilot operates with EDP, ensuring that prompt and response data are not used for model training and are not accessed by Microsoft employees without explicit permission.

Respects Permissions: Copilot only accesses data that a specific user already has permission to view within their Microsoft 365 environment (SharePoint, OneDrive, etc.).

Exceptions (Consumer vs. Commercial): While commercial data (Entra ID) is excluded from training, Microsoft may use data from consumer Copilot services (like free Bing/MSN interactions) to train models, but users can opt out.

Box 2: No

No - Microsoft 365 Copilot automatically assigns permissions to resources, so that users can find information more easily.

Microsoft 365 Copilot is designed to strictly respect existing permissions and security, compliance, and privacy policies already established within an organization's Microsoft 365 environment.

Here is a breakdown of how Copilot handles permissions:

Respects Current Access Controls: Copilot only accesses data (emails, chats, documents) that an individual user is already authorized to view, based on existing role-based access controls (RBAC), SharePoint permissions, and OneDrive settings.

No Automatic Permission Changes: Copilot does not change, assign, or create new permissions for files to make them easier to find. It operates within the bounds of what is already shared with the user.

Oversharing Risk: Because Copilot relies on existing permissions, if files have been improperly or overly shared in the past, Copilot will allow users to find that information. It is not a tool to manage or "fix" permissions automatically, but rather to access data based on them.

Data Security: Copilot respects sensitivity labels and encryption (like Microsoft Purview), meaning it will not expose content that is locked down.

Box 3: Yes

Yes - Microsoft 365 Copilot uses the same underlying data access controls as other Microsoft 365 services to ensure that users are presented with only information to which they have access.

Microsoft 365 Copilot is designed to inherit and strictly adhere to the existing security, compliance, and data privacy policies established within your Microsoft 365 tenant.

Here is how Microsoft 365 Copilot ensures users only access information they are authorized to see:

Microsoft Graph Integration: Copilot uses Microsoft Graph to access user data (emails, chats, documents) only within the user's unique context and based on their existing permissions.

Permission Model Inheritance: Copilot honors SharePoint, OneDrive, and Microsoft Entra (formerly Azure AD) permissions. If a user does not have access to a document, Copilot cannot access or summarize it for them.

Data Protection Mechanisms: Copilot respects sensitivity labels and data loss prevention (DLP) policies, ensuring that sensitive data is handled appropriately.

Secure Scope: Copilot operates within the Microsoft 365 service boundary, meaning user prompts and data do not leave the secure environment to train the foundation models.

Zero Trust Approach: Copilot treats input prompts as potentially unsafe, using a zero-trust architecture to prevent data leaks.

質問: 30

あなたはMicrosoft Teamsの会議に頻繁に参加しています。

各会議後には、重要なポイントと今後の手順を確実に把握できるようにしておく必要があります。

会議後には、Microsoft 365 Copilotのどの機能を使用すべきでしょうか？

- A. 要約
- B. 会議用ホワイトボード
- C. 会議情報
- D. スレッドの概要

正解: **A** ([コメントを发表する](#))

The Microsoft 365 Copilot feature in Teams that allows you to catch up on key points and next steps after a meeting is Intelligent Recap. It provides AI-powered insights, including automatic meeting notes, AI-recommended tasks, and personalized highlights (such as when your name was mentioned) within the Recap tab.

Key capabilities of this feature include:

*-> AI Meeting Notes: Summarizes key discussions and action items.

*-> Follow-up Tasks: Automatically generates tasks synced with Planner and To-Do.

Personalized Timeline Markers: Shows when you joined, left, or were mentioned.

Chapters and Topics: Divides the meeting into segments for easier review.

Post-Meeting Chat: Allows asking questions about what was discussed after the meeting concludes.

This feature requires a Microsoft 365 Copilot license and for transcription to be enabled.

Reference:

<https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/microsoftteams/intelligent-recap-calls-meetings>

質問: 31

ホットスポットに関する質問

次の図に示すように、Microsoft 365 Copilot の会話が行われます。



Microsoft

Document1.docx tell me more about this doc

 Copilot  

The document "Document1.docx" contains a short and repetitive set of phrases, primarily focused on the theme of an AI Partner Training Day. Here's a quick summary of its contents:

 **Document Overview:**

- Keywords/Phrases:
 - Test
 - Demo
 - Certification
 - Repeated mentions of "AI Partner Training Day - Demo"

ドロップダウンメニューを使用して、図に示された情報に基づいて文を完成させる選択肢を選んでください。



Microsoft

Answer Area

Document1.docx [answer choice]

is in a notebook.

has a sensitivity label applied.

is NOT a supported file type.

is NOT accessible outside of your organization.

正解:

Answer Area



Microsoft

Document1.docx [answer choice]

is in a notebook.

has a sensitivity label applied.

is NOT a supported file type.

is NOT accessible outside of your organization.

有効的な**AB-730J**問題集はJPNTTest.com提供され、**AB-730J**試験に合格することに役に立ちます！JPNTTest.comは今最新**AB-730J**試験問題集を提供します。JPNTTest.com AB-730J試験問題集はもう更新されました。ここで**AB-730J**問題集のテストエンジンを手に入れます。最新版のアクセス、<https://www.jpntest.com/shiken/AB-730J-mondaishu> **88問、30%ディスカウント**、特別な割引コード: **JPNshiken**」

質問: 32

あなたはMicrosoft 365 Copilotを使用して、Microsoft Teamsでの生産性を向上させています。
TeamsでCopilotを使用することで達成できる2つのタスクは何ですか？それぞれの正解には、完全な解決策が示されています。
注：正解ごとに1ポイントが加算されます。

- A. 会議参加者の位置に基づいて、ミュートとミュート解除を行います。
- B. カスタム背景を作成し、ビデオ通話に背景を追加します。
- C. 主要な決定事項とアクション項目を含む会議の要約を作成します。
- D. 会話の文脈に基づいて、チャンネルメッセージへの返信を作成します。

正解: C,D (コメントを发表する)

[C]
Microsoft 365 Copilot in Teams enhances productivity by automatically generating real-time and post-meeting summaries, highlighting key discussion points, decisions, and action items. By leveraging transcription, it allows users to ask specific questions about the meeting, such as missed information or task assignments, directly within the Teams interface.

[D]
In Microsoft Teams, Microsoft 365 Copilot can indeed draft a response to a channel message by leveraging the context of the conversation. This capability is available within the immersive channel post view, where you can expand a thread to see all replies and then use Copilot to generate content based on that specific discussion.

Reference:
<https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/office/use-copilot-in-microsoft-teams-meetings-0bf9dd3c-96f7-44e2-8bb8-790bedf066b1>
<https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/office/use-copilot-in-microsoft-teams-chat-and-channels-cccccca2-9dc8-49a9-ab76-b1a8ee21486c>

質問: 33

ホットスポットに関する質問
以下の各記述について、正しい場合は「はい」を選択してください。そうでない場合は「いいえ」を選択してください。
注：正解ごとに1ポイントが加算されます。

Answer Area

Statements	Yes	No
Prompt injection can cause data exposure and unintended system behavior.	☐	☐
Prompt injection can be used to embed malicious or harmful instructions.	☐	☐
Prompt injection is a security vulnerability unique to generative AI systems that interpret and respond to natural language inputs.	☐	☐

正解:

Answer Area		Microsoft	
Statements	Yes	No	
Prompt injection can cause data exposure and unintended system behavior.	☒	☐	
Prompt injection can be used to embed malicious or harmful instructions.	☒	☐	
Prompt injection is a security vulnerability unique to generative AI systems that interpret and respond to natural language inputs.	☒	☐	

Explanation:

Box 1: Yes

Yes - Prompt injection can cause data exposure and unintended system behavior Prompt injection in Microsoft 365 (M365) Copilot is a significant security risk that can lead to unauthorized data exposure and unintended system behavior. Through techniques like indirect prompt injection, attackers can embed hidden instructions in documents, emails, or websites that Copilot parses, causing it to override its intended, safe behavior and act on malicious commands.

Box 2: Yes

Yes - Prompt injection can be used to embed malicious or harmful instructions.

Box 3: Yes

Yes - Prompt injection is a security vulnerability unique to generative AI systems that interpret and respond to natural language inputs. Prompt Injection is one of the most significant shifts in the "threat model" because it turns natural language into a potential delivery mechanism for malicious commands. In the context of M365 Copilot, this risk is unique because the AI has access to your sensitive organizational data (emails, files, chats).

質問: 34

ホットスポットに関する質問

以下の各記述について、正しい場合は「はい」を選択してください。そうでない場合は「いいえ」を選択してください。

注：正解ごとに1ポイントが加算されます。

Answer Area		Microsoft	
Statements	Yes	No	
Scheduled prompts can be web-grounded.	☐	☐	
Scheduled prompts can run a maximum of once per day.	☐	☐	
Scheduled prompts can run up to a maximum of 15 times.	☐	☐	

正解:

Answer Area



Statements

Scheduled prompts can be web-grounded.

Yes

☒

No

☐

Scheduled prompts can run a maximum of once per day.

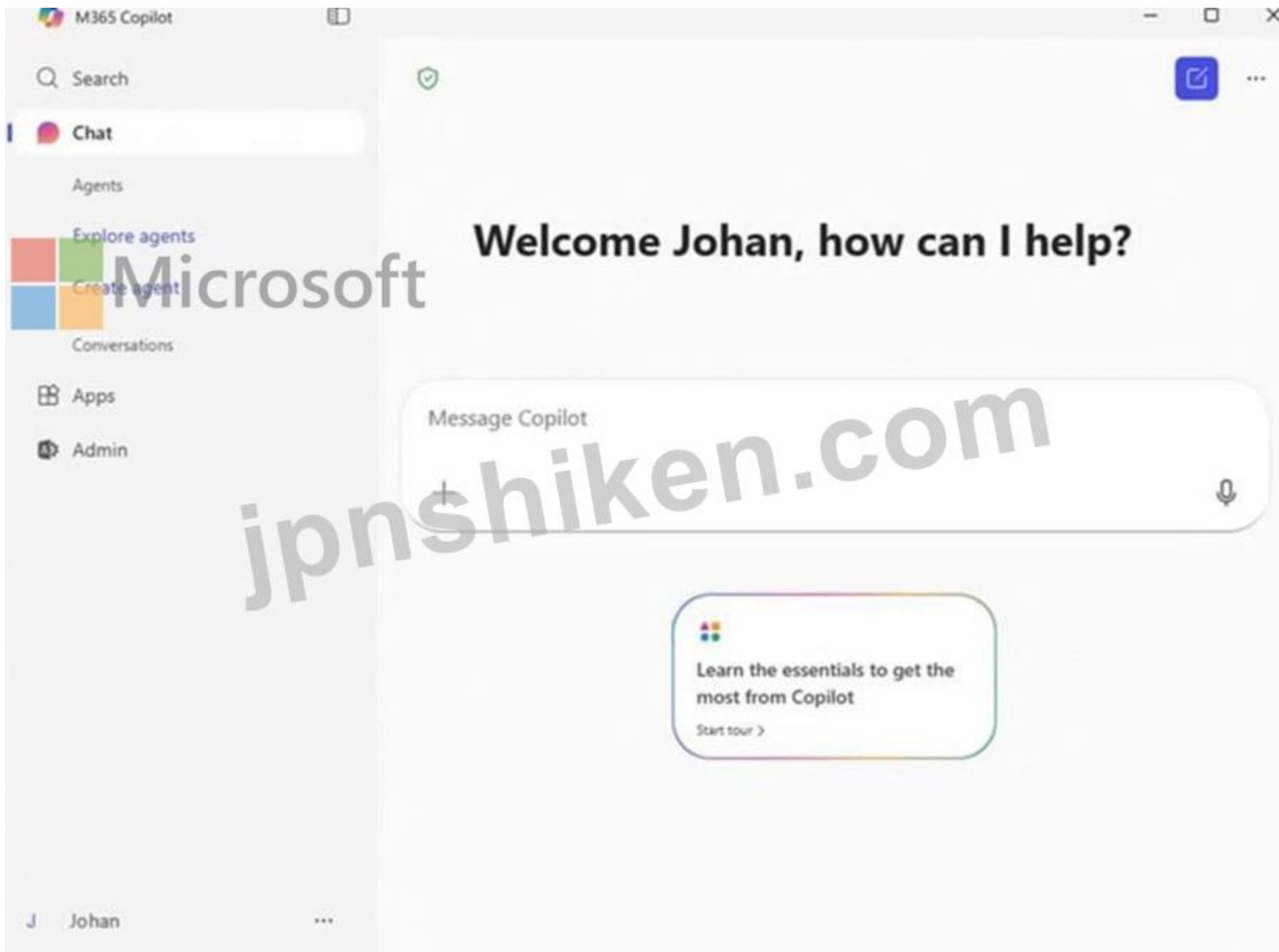
☒☐

Scheduled prompts can run up to a maximum of 15 times.

☒☐

質問: 35

次の図に示すように、職場のアカウントを使用して Microsoft 365 Copilot アプリにサインインします。



同僚から、Microsoft 365 Copilot アプリを開くと、研究者エージェントにアクセスできると聞きました。

研究者エージェントにアクセスする必要があります。

あなたはすべきでしょうか？

- A. 管理者から Microsoft 365 Copilot ライセンスをリクエストしてください。
- B. 「エージェントを探索」を選択し、次に「研究者」を検索します。
- C. 個人アカウントを使用してCopilotアプリにサインインします。
- D. Microsoft Edge から、職場のアカウントを使用して <https://copilot.microsoft.com> にサインインします。

正解: ([正解を表示します](#))

In the Microsoft 365 Copilot app, the Researcher agent is a specialized "reasoning agent" designed for deep, multi-step analysis rather than quick chat responses.

How to Access Researcher

1. Open the App: Sign into the Microsoft 365 Copilot app or open it from your Windows taskbar.

2. Locate Agents: In the left-hand navigation pane, look for the Agents section.

3. Select Researcher:

3a. If it is already listed, simply click Researcher to open the dedicated interface. [It is not listed here]

3b. If you don't see it, click All agents to open the Agent Store, then search for "Researcher" under the "Built by Microsoft" or "Productivity" categories.

4. Pin for Easy Access: Hover over the Researcher agent in the list, select the More (...) menu, and choose to pin it so it stays visible in your sidebar.

Requirements for Access

*-> License: You must have a Microsoft 365 Copilot license. It is available for Business, Enterprise, and Premium subscribers.

Admin Enablement: If you still cannot find the agent, your IT administrator may need to enable it.

They can do this in the Microsoft 365 admin center by navigating to Copilot > Settings > Data access > Agents and ensuring access is set to "All Users" Reference:

<https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/topic/get-started-with-researcher-in-microsoft-365-copilot-e63ab760-f3de-4c47-ae87-dad601b0e9c4>

質問: 36

「極秘」という機密ラベルが付けられたMicrosoft Word文書を開いています。

Microsoft PowerPoint から、Microsoft 365 Copilot を使用して Word 文書のプレゼンテーションを作成する予定です。

結果はどうなるだろうか？

A. コパイロットはプレゼンテーションを作成できません。

B. Copilotがプレゼンテーションを作成し、ラベルの入力を求めます。

C. Copilot がプレゼンテーションを作成し、「極秘」ラベルを適用します。

D. Copilot はプレゼンテーションを生成しますが、ラベルは適用しません。

正解: C ([コメントを发表する](#))

When you use Microsoft 365 Copilot in PowerPoint to generate a presentation from a Word document with a Highly Confidential sensitivity label, the following occurs:

*-> Sensitivity Label Inheritance: The newly generated PowerPoint presentation will automatically inherit the Highly Confidential sensitivity label from the source Word document.

Protection Settings Enforcement: All protection settings associated with that label, such as encryption, watermarks, or restricted sharing permissions, will be applied to the new presentation.

*-> Permission Verification: Copilot will verify that you have the necessary EXTRACT (Copy) and VIEW usage rights for the Word document. If the label's encryption settings or a Microsoft Purview Data Loss Prevention (DLP) policy blocks content extraction for Copilot, the generation process will fail or be blocked.

Strict Access Control: If the Word document uses Double-Key Encryption (DKE) or restricted Extract privileges, PowerPoint Copilot will honor these protections and will not create the presentation.

Reference:

<https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/copilot/microsoft-365/microsoft-365-copilot-architecture-data-protection-auditing>

質問: 37

ホットスポットに関する質問

以下の各記述について、正しい場合は「はい」を選択してください。そうでない場合は「いいえ」を選択してください。

注：正解ごとに1ポイントが加算されます。

Answer Area

Statements

Microsoft

Yes

No

You can group conversations into a Microsoft 365 Copilot notebook.

You can use a Microsoft 365 Copilot notebook to collaborate with users in your organization.

You can add instructions to a Microsoft 365 Copilot notebook to tell Copilot how to respond.

正解:

Answer Area

Statements

Microsoft

Yes

No

You can group conversations into a Microsoft 365 Copilot notebook.

You can use a Microsoft 365 Copilot notebook to collaborate with users in your organization.

You can add instructions to a Microsoft 365 Copilot notebook to tell Copilot how to respond.

質問: 38

ホットスポットに関する質問

文を正しく完成させる選択肢を選びなさい。

Answer Area

From Microsoft 365 Copilot, you can use

agent settings

capabilities

instructions

suggested prompts

Microsoft

to help users begin conversations with an agent and guide the users to use the agent more effectively.

正解:

Answer Area

From Microsoft 365 Copilot, you can use

agent settings
capabilities
instructions
suggested prompts

to help users begin conversations with an agent and guide the users to use the agent more effectively.

Explanation:

Box: suggested prompts

From Microsoft 365 Copilot you can use _____ to help users begin conversations with an agent and guide the users to use the agent more effectively.

In Microsoft 365 Copilot, you can configure up to six suggested prompts--also known as conversation starters--to help users immediately understand an agent's capabilities and interact with it effectively. These prompts appear on the agent's welcome page in Microsoft Teams or Microsoft 365 Copilot Chat.

Key Aspects of Suggested Prompts

Purpose: They guide users on how to initiate conversations, provide examples of what the agent can do, and help users get immediate value from the agent.

Placement: They are displayed prominently on the agent's welcome page before a new chat starts, or within the Prompt Gallery in Teams.

Automatic Generation: When creating an agent in Copilot Studio, suggested prompts may be automatically generated based on the agent's description and instructions.

Configuration: You can customize these prompts on the Overview page of your agent in Copilot Studio by clicking the Edit icon in the Suggested Prompts section.

Limitations: A prompt can be customized with a title and the actual prompt text, and they cannot be seen when testing the agent inside Copilot Studio, only in the published experience.

質問: 39

ある製薬会社は、臨床試験データを参照する規制当局への提出書類を作成するために、Microsoft 365 Copilotを使用しています。コンプライアンスチームは、これらの重要な書類におけるAIによるデータ捏造を防ぐための対策を講じたいと考えています。捏造リスクを最も効果的に軽減できる対策は、次のうちどれでしょうか？(2つ選択してください。)

- A. 臨床研究者に対し、提出前にすべての試験データポイントと引用文献を元の研究記録と照合して検証することを義務付ける。
- B. Copilotを設定して、数値データを含むすべての文に視覚的なインジケーターを付け、レビュー担当者がより迅速にスキャンできるようにします。
- C. AI生成コンテンツの科学的正確性を専門家が検証する、必須の専門家レビュー手順を導入する。
- D. 各文書セクションを3回再生成し、統計情報値が最も一貫しているバージョンを選択します。

正解: ([正解を表示します](#))

Option A - this directly addresses the root risk: AI-generated content can contain fabricated or misattributed figures that look plausible. Tracing every data point back to its source (raw trial data, statistical analysis reports, original study documentation) is the only way to confirm accuracy rather than assume it. For a regulatory submission, this kind of source verification isn't optional - it's the standard of evidence regulators expect regardless of whether AI was involved in drafting.

Option C - verification of individual data points isn't sufficient on its own; the content also needs to be evaluated for scientific coherence, correct interpretation of results, appropriate context, and whether conclusions drawn are actually supported by the underlying data. Subject matter experts (clinical scientists, regulatory affairs specialists) are positioned to catch subtler issues - like statistically accurate numbers used in a misleading context - that a simple fact-check wouldn't surface.

質問: 40

あなたは来シーズンに向けて企画を立てているマーチャンダイザーです。

あなたはMicrosoft 365 Copilotに、過去の販売データに基づいて在庫すべき製品を提案するように指示します。提案内容を確認したり、現在の市場動向を調べたりすることなく、Copilotの出力のみに基づいて大量注文を行います。

これは何の一例ですか？

- A. 検証
- B. 過度の依存
- C. 製造
- D. プロンプトインジェクション

正解: ([正解を表示します](#))

Relying solely on Microsoft 365 Copilot for high-stakes inventory decisions constitutes overreliance, a known risk where users trust AI outputs without sufficient critical evaluation or human oversight.

Key Risks of Overreliance in Inventory Management

Context Blindness: Copilot excels at structured historical data but cannot account for "real-world" nuances like sudden geopolitical shifts, local weather events, or unrecorded competitor activity.

Data Integrity Issues: AI recommendations are only as good as the input data. If historical sales data is inconsistent, incomplete, or contains "garbage" entries, Copilot will generate inaccurate forecasts.

Algorithmic Bias: If previous manual stocking decisions were biased-for example, favoring certain regions or suppliers-the AI may reinforce these patterns, leading to skewed results.

Hallucinations: Like all Large Language Models (LLMs), Copilot can "hallucinate" or provide plausible-sounding but factually incorrect data points, which can be catastrophic for large financial orders.

How to Maintain Proper Human Oversight

To mitigate these risks, organizations should treat Copilot as an assistive tool rather than a primary decision-maker.

Reference:

<https://precoro.com/blog/ai-in-procurement>

質問: 41

ホットスポットに関する質問

以下の各記述について、正しい場合は「はい」を選択してください。そうでない場合は「いいえ」を選択してください。

注：正解ごとに1ポイントが加算されます。

Answer Area

Statements	Yes	No
When you submit the same prompt to Microsoft 365 Copilot multiple times, and you are grounded in the web, the response will always be identical.	☐	☐
When you submit the same prompt to Microsoft 365 Copilot multiple times, and you are grounded in your own data, the response will always be identical.	☐	☐
When you submit the same prompt to Microsoft 365 Copilot multiple times, and you are grounded only in the model's knowledge, the response will always be identical.	☐	☐

正解:

Answer Area

Statements	Yes	No
When you submit the same prompt to Microsoft 365 Copilot multiple times, and you are grounded in the web, the response will always be identical.	☐	☒
When you submit the same prompt to Microsoft 365 Copilot multiple times, and you are grounded in your own data, the response will always be identical.	☐	☒
When you submit the same prompt to Microsoft 365 Copilot multiple times, and you are grounded only in the model's knowledge, the response will always be identical.	☐	☒

Explanation:

Box 1: No

No - When you submit the same prompt to Microsoft 365 Copilot multiple times, and you are grounded in the web, the response will always be identical.

Actually, the response will not always be identical. While grounding in the web provides a consistent set of facts, several factors cause variations in the output:

Probabilistic Nature of LLMs: Microsoft 365 Copilot is built on Large Language Models (LLMs) that are inherently probabilistic. This means they predict the next likely word in a sequence, which often leads to slightly different phrasing or structures even when the input is the same.

*-> Dynamic Web Content: Web grounding uses Bing search results to provide real-time information. Because the web is constantly changing, a topic relevant for a summary at one moment might be replaced by newer, more relevant data just minutes later.

Response Generation Limits: If you ask the same question too many times in a row, Copilot may prompt you to rephrase or may "time out". The "regenerate" option specifically aims to reword things differently to provide a fresh perspective.

Personalization and Context: Responses can adapt over time based on user interactions and the specific Microsoft 365 context available at the time of the prompt.

Box 2: No

No - When you submit the same prompt to Microsoft 365 Copilot multiple times, and you are grounded in your own data, the response will always be identical.

Even when Microsoft 365 Copilot is grounded in your own data, submitting the same prompt multiple times will not always produce identical responses.

While grounding with your own data (emails, files, chats) significantly improves accuracy and relevance, the underlying technology remains a Large Language Model (LLM), which is inherently non-deterministic.

Here is why responses may vary:

Inherent Model Variability: LLMs like GPT-4, which power Copilot, generate answers token-by-token based on probability, which can lead to different, yet contextually appropriate, responses.

Dynamic Data Sources: If the documents or emails you are querying are updated or changed, the information Copilot retrieves might differ.

Contextual Sensitivity: Copilot may consider the context of previous interactions in a session. If the conversation thread changes, the output can vary.

Box 3: No

No - When you submit the same prompt to Microsoft 365 Copilot multiple times, and you are grounded in the model's knowledge, the response will always be identical.

Even when grounded in specific knowledge, Microsoft 365 Copilot will likely produce different responses to the same prompt.

This happens because:

Probabilistic Nature: Copilot is built on Large Language Models (LLMs) that use neural networks to predict text. This introduces randomness, meaning the model doesn't follow a fixed path to an answer even with identical inputs.

Dynamic Context: In active chats or meetings, Copilot bases its answers on the most recent content available. As a conversation or meeting evolves, what the model considers "relevant" changes, leading to varied summaries or answers over time.

Retrieval Variations: When grounded in your data (like SharePoint or OneDrive), the system may pick different "snippets" or sections of a document each time you ask a question, leading to slight-

-or sometimes significant--differences in the final output.

No "Seed" Control: Unlike some technical AI tools, standard Copilot does not allow users to set a "seed" number to force 100% deterministic (identical) results.

質問: 42

企業がAIソリューションを導入する際に直面する主な課題は何ですか？

- A. AIは機能するためにデータを必要としません
- B. トレーニング用の大規模で高品質なデータセットの管理と処理
- C. AIを完全に透明化する
- D. AIは人間の労働者を完全に置き換えることができる

正解: ([正解を表示します](#))

AI systems rely on large amounts of high-quality data to function effectively. One of the biggest challenges is ensuring that data is clean, accurate, and relevant for the AI model, as poor data quality can lead to inaccurate results.

質問: 43

ホットスポットに関する質問

以下の各記述について、正しい場合は「はい」を選択してください。そうでない場合は「いいえ」を選択してください。

注：正解ごとに1ポイントが加算されます。

Answer Area



Microsoft

Statements

You can chat with the Analyst agent from within an existing Microsoft 365 Copilot conversation.

Yes

☐

No

☐

You can chat with the Researcher agent from within an existing Microsoft 365 Copilot conversation.

☐☐

You can chat with multiple agents concurrently within an existing Microsoft 365 Copilot conversation.

☐☐

正解:

Answer Area

Statements

You can chat with the Analyst agent from within an existing Microsoft 365 Copilot conversation.

Yes

☒

No

☐

You can chat with the Researcher agent from within an existing Microsoft 365 Copilot conversation.

☒☐

You can chat with multiple agents concurrently within an existing Microsoft 365 Copilot conversation.

☒☐

質問: 44

ビジネスにおける予測分析の目的は何ですか？

- A. 業務ワークフローを自動化する
- B. 過去のデータに基づいて将来の出来事を予測する
- C. サプライチェーン物流をリアルタイムで管理する
- D. 不確実性分析のためのランダム予測を生成する

正解: [\(正解を表示します\)](#)

Predictive analytics uses historical data, machine learning algorithms, and statistical techniques to make predictions about future trends. This helps businesses anticipate demand, customer behavior, and other important factors to guide decision-making.

質問: 45

ホットスポットに関する質問

Microsoft 365 Copilot のプロンプト スケジュール機能には、どのような 2 つの制限がありますか？回答するには、回答領域で適切なオプションを選択してください。

注：正解ごとに1ポイントが加算されます。

Answer Area  Microsoft

You can schedule the prompt to run as often as:

Once per hour
Once per day
Once per week

The maximum number of times that a scheduled prompt can run is:

15 times
365 times
Unlimited

正解:

Answer Area  Microsoft

You can schedule the prompt to run as often as:

Once per hour
Once per day
Once per week

The maximum number of times that a scheduled prompt can run is:

15 times
365 times
Unlimited

Explanation:

Box 1: Once per day

You can schedule the prompt to run as often as:

In Microsoft 365 Copilot, you can schedule prompts with the following frequency and run limits:

Recurring Frequencies: You can set prompts to run daily, weekly, or monthly.

Run Limit: A single scheduled prompt can run for a maximum of 15 iterations. Once this limit is reached, the schedule stops, and you must manually restart or recreate it.

Active Prompts Limit: Users are typically limited to having 10 active scheduled prompts at any given time.

Box 2: 15 times

The maximum number of times that a schedule prompt can run is

質問: 46

ホットスポットに関する質問

あなたはMicrosoft 365 Copilotライセンスをお持ちです。

複数のプロンプトを実行する予定です。
Copilotが各プロンプトに対して最適な応答を生成するには、何を使用すればよいでしょうか？複数の選択肢が目的を達成できる場合があります。回答するには、回答エリアで最適なオプションを選択してください。
注：正解ごとに1ポイントが加算されます。

Answer Area

Microsoft

Prompt 1: Explain the differences between Contoso, Ltd, and Litware, Inc. Include sources and a table of the differences. Provide insights into why the differences exist.

The Analyst agent

Chat

The Researcher agent

Prompt 2: From /Sales_2022.xlsx /Sales_2023.xlsx /Sales_2024.xlsx, create a pivot table of revenue by region and product, highlight MoM changes > 10%, and recommend 3 follow-up analyses.

The Analyst agent

Chat

The Researcher agent

Prompt 3: Generate a structured action plan from an ongoing meeting chat, grouping tasks by functional area, identifying owners where mentioned, and including any implied deadlines or dependencies.

The Analyst agent

Chat

The Researcher agent

正解:

Answer Area

Microsoft

Prompt 1: Explain the differences between Contoso, Ltd, and Litware, Inc. Include sources and a table of the differences. Provide insights into why the differences exist.

The Analyst agent

Chat

The Researcher agent

Prompt 2: From /Sales_2022.xlsx /Sales_2023.xlsx /Sales_2024.xlsx, create a pivot table of revenue by region and product, highlight MoM changes > 10%, and recommend 3 follow-up analyses.

The Analyst agent

Chat

The Researcher agent

Prompt 3: Generate a structured action plan from an ongoing meeting chat, grouping tasks by functional area, identifying owners where mentioned, and including any implied deadlines or dependencies.

The Analyst agent

Chat

The Researcher agent

Explanation:
Box 1: Researcher agent
Prompt 1: Explain the differences between Contoso, Ltd, and Litware, Inc. Include sources and a table of the differences. Provide insights into why the differences exist.
You should use the Researcher agent in Microsoft 365 Copilot.
The Researcher is designed for deep, multi-step research tasks that require analyzing information from both the web and internal company data to generate comprehensive reports, including structured tables and sourced insights.

Why Researcher Agent? It acts as a specialized assistant for complex, multi-step research projects. It is specifically built to aggregate information from various sources (web + internal), synthesize it, and present insights in a structured format. It is ideal for competitor analysis, market research, and understanding the "why" behind differences.

Box 2: Analyst agent

Prompt 2: From /Sales_2022.xlsx From /Sales_2023.xlsx From /Sales_2024.xlsx, create a pivot table of revenue and product, highlight MoM changes > 10%, and recommend 3 follow-up analyses.

You should use the Analyst agent.

The Analyst agent is specifically designed for deep reasoning over structured data like Excel files.

Multi-file Analysis: It can consolidate and analyze data across multiple files (e.g., three years of sales) to identify trends and outliers.

Advanced Operations: It uses chain-of-thought reasoning and Python to perform complex calculations, such as Month-over-Month (MoM) percentage changes, which go beyond simple summaries.

Actionable Outputs: It specializes in generating visualizations, summaries, and recommending follow-up steps based on identified data patterns.

Box 3: Chat

Prompt 3: Generate a structured action plan from ongoing meeting chat, grouping tasks by functional area, identifying owners where mentioned, and including any implied deadlines and dependencies.

To get the most accurate and structured result for this specific request, you should use Chat (specifically the Microsoft 365 Copilot chat interface, often found in Teams or the M365 app).

Here is why Chat is the correct choice compared to the specialized agents:

Context Awareness: The standard Chat interface is designed to pull data across your "M365 Graph." It has the native ability to scan your recent Teams meeting transcripts and meeting chats.

Synthesis Skills: While the Analyst agent is great for Excel/data processing and the Researcher is best for web-based trends, the core Chat function is optimized for summarization and extraction from internal communication.

Task Identification: Copilot Chat is specifically trained to recognize "action-oriented" language (e.g., "I'll take care of that" or "Due by Friday") within a conversation.

有効的な**AB-730J**問題集はJPNTTest.com提供され、**AB-730J**試験に合格することに役に立ちます！JPNTTest.comは今最新**AB-730J**試験問題集を提供します。JPNTTest.com AB-730J試験問題集はもう更新されました。ここで**AB-730J**問題集のテストエンジンを手に入れます。最新版のアクセス、<https://www.jpntest.com/shiken/AB-730J-mondaishu> 88問、30%ディスカウント、特別な割引コード: **JPNshiken**」

質問: 47

WebブラウザからMicrosoft 365 Copilotにアクセスする必要があります。どのURLを使用すればよいですか？

- A. <https://m365.cloud.microsoft>
- B. <https://copilotstudio.microsoft.com>
- C. <https://myapps.microsoft.com>
- D. <https://myaccount.microsoft.com>

正解: (正解を表示します)

To access Microsoft 365 Copilot (the productivity assistant) from a web browser, you should use the following official URLs:

*-> m365.cloud.microsoft: The primary web portal for the Microsoft 365 Copilot app.

* copilot.microsoft.com: The dedicated web interface for Copilot chat, where you can toggle between "Web" and "Work" modes if you have a business license.

* microsoft365.com (formerly Office.com): You can access Copilot features directly within the web versions of Word, Excel, PowerPoint, and Outlook through this portal.

Incorrect:

[Not B]

The URL <https://copilotstudio.microsoft.com> is for Copilot Studio.

Reference:

<https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/topic/welcome-to-the-microsoft-365-copilot-app-092599f1-5917-4bd6-bd59-58af628bbc39>

質問: 48

プロンプトを作成し、Microsoft OneDriveから複数のファイルを追加します。

メールを使ってユーザーにプロンプトを共有します。

ユーザーがプロンプトを使用するとどうなりますか？

- A. ユーザーは自動的にファイルへのアクセス権を与えられ、プロンプトを実行できます。
- B. ファイルは共有プロンプトから削除され、ユーザーはプロンプトを実行する前に手動でファイルを追加する必要があります。
- C. ユーザーがプロンプトを実行しようとする、ファイルへのアクセスを要求するように促されます。
- D. ユーザーがプロンプトを正常に実行できるのは、OneDrive 内のファイルへのアクセス権を持っている場合のみです。

正解: ([正解を表示します](#))

When you share a Microsoft Copilot prompt that references OneDrive files, the following happens for the second user:

1. Prompt Delivery: The second user receives the text of the prompt in their Copilot interface, but they do not automatically see the original AI-generated response.
2. File Permissions Check: Copilot strictly respects Microsoft 365 permissions. If the second user does not already have access to those specific OneDrive files, Copilot will be unable to "read" them to execute the prompt.

*-> 3. Execution Failure: If permissions are missing, the prompt will likely fail or return a generic answer because Copilot cannot ground its response in data the user is not authorized to see.

Manual File Sharing Required: Sharing the prompt link does not automatically share the attached files. You must separately share the OneDrive files or the containing folder with the user for the prompt to work for them.

Reference:

<https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/office/frequently-asked-questions-about-copilot-in-onedrive-1bd55d10-7c46-417c-ab3d-e9c7be346947>

質問: 49

以下のAIアプリケーションのうち、顧客体験のパーソナライズに役立つものはどれですか？

- A. 顧客セグメンテーションモデル
- B. 不正検出システム
- C. 自動財務報告
- D. ITインフラ監視ツール

正解: ([正解を表示します](#))

AI-powered customer segmentation models analyze customer data to group customers based on similar behaviors, preferences, or characteristics. This allows businesses to offer personalized services, products, or marketing campaigns.

質問: 50

ビジネス運営においてAIを活用することの潜在的なメリットは何ですか？

- A. AIは人間の管理者に代わってすべての意思決定を行う
- B. AIは反復作業を自動化することで業務効率を向上させることができる。
- C. AIはデータ駆動型意思決定の必要性を排除する
- D. AIは人間の監視を必要としません

正解: B (コメントを发表する)

AI is highly effective at automating repetitive and mundane tasks, which helps businesses improve efficiency, reduce human error, and free up human workers for more strategic activities.

質問: 51

研修担当者が、Microsoft 365 CopilotとMicrosoftの6つの責任あるAI原則に関する資料を作成しており、ビジネスユーザーに対して透明性と説明責任の違いを説明する必要があります。この2つの原則を最も正確に区別している説明はどれですか？

- A. 透明性を確保するにはAIモデルのソースコードを公開する必要があり、説明責任を果たすにはすべてのユーザー操作を記録する必要がある。
- B. 透明性とは、AIシステムが理解可能であるべきことを意味し、説明責任とは、AIの結果に対して人間が責任を負うことを意味する。
- C. 透明性は顧客向けアプリケーションに適用され、説明責任は組織内部のAI利用に適用される。
- D. 透明性はAI開発チームが管理し、説明責任は法務コンプライアンス部門が担当します。

正解: (正解を表示します)

Transparency is about AI systems being understandable and explainable - users should be able to grasp how and why an AI system makes the decisions or produces the outputs it does, including being aware they're interacting with AI, understanding its capabilities and limitations, and having appropriate disclosure of how it works (e.g., Copilot showing its sources/citations so users can trace where information came from).
Accountability is about human responsibility - the principle that people, not the AI system itself, remain answerable for the outcomes and impacts of AI systems. This means organizations must have governance structures, oversight mechanisms, and clear ownership so that humans can be held responsible when something goes wrong, rather than treating the AI as an autonomous, unaccountable actor.

質問: 52

ホットスポットに関する質問

Microsoft 365 Copilot アプリでは、テンプレートを使用してエージェントを作成します。

以下の各記述について、正しい場合は「はい」を選択してください。そうでない場合は「いいえ」を選択してください。

注：正解ごとに1ポイントが加算されます。

Answer Area

Statements	Yes	No
You can share the agent with external users.	☐	☐
You can choose which knowledge sources the agent can use.	☐	☐
You can share the agent with users in your organization.	☐	☐

正解:

Answer Area		Yes	No
Statements			
You can share the agent with external users.		☐	☒
You can choose which knowledge sources the agent can use.		☒	☐
You can share the agent with users in your organization.		☒	☐

Explanation:

Box 1: No

You can share the agent with external users.

Share "HR assistant"

×

We have copied a link to this agent to your clipboard.

https://m365.cloud.microsoft/apps/?templatedAppId=9e2962b8-7eae-4124-86f

📄

The link works for

☐ Anyone in your organization

☐ Specific users in your organization

☒ Only you

Save

Cancel

Microsoft

Note:

In Microsoft 365 Copilot, agents created from templates using the Agent Builder (formerly Copilot Studio Lite) are primarily designed for internal collaboration.

While you can share these agents with others, there are important distinctions regarding external users:

Internal Sharing: You can easily share your agent with specific individuals, security groups, or everyone within your organization by generating a link.

External Users/Guests: Standard sharing in the Microsoft 365 Copilot app generally restricts access to users within your tenant directory.

Guest Users: Some documentation suggests that guest users who are already configured in your tenant and have a Microsoft 365 Copilot license assigned to them may be able to access shared agents.

External Channels: To share agents with users completely outside your organization (e.g., on a public website or social platform), you must use the standalone Microsoft Copilot Studio plan to publish the agent to external channels.

Box 2: Yes

Yes - You can choose which knowledge sources the agent can use.

When creating a custom agent in Microsoft 365 Copilot from a template, you can select and configure specific knowledge sources to ground its responses in your organization's data.

How to Select Knowledge Sources

After choosing a template in the Agent Builder (accessible via the Microsoft 365 Copilot app), navigate to the Configure tab to add your data:

SharePoint & OneDrive: You can select specific SharePoint sites, folders, or files using a file picker or by entering a direct URL.

Public Websites: You can add up to four public website URLs to provide the agent with external web-based knowledge.

Teams & Outlook: If you have a Microsoft 365 Copilot license, you can include data from your Teams chats, meetings, and Outlook emails.

File Uploads: You can directly upload up to 20 local files (e.g., PDF, Word, or Excel) to embed their content into the agent's knowledge base.

Connectors: If enabled by an admin, you can link external data sources like Jira, ServiceNow, or GitHub through Microsoft 365 Copilot connectors.

Box 3: Yes

Yes - You can share the agent with users in your organization.

See box 1 above.

質問: 53

プロジェクトマネージャーが、Microsoft 365 Copilot の Word を使用してステークホルダー向けの最新情報を準備しています。マネージャーは、プロジェクトの進捗状況を要約し、主要なリスクを強調し、リーダーシップチーム向けの次のステップを概説する構造化されたメッセージを迅速に作成する必要があります。Copilot を使用して最も適切なドラフトを作成するために、マネージャーはどのような操作を行うべきでしょうか？

- A. Copilotに最近のプロジェクト文書を要約させ、その出力をステークホルダー向けアップデートに変換するよう依頼する
- B. 必須項目を指定せずに、標準的なビジネスコミュニケーションスタイルを使用する。
- C. Copilotにまずプロジェクトデータの分析を依頼し、その分析結果に基づいてドラフトを作成する。
- D. 更新の目的を明確に説明し、含めるべき主要なセクションを指定するプロンプトを提供する。

正解: ([正解を表示します](#))

Provide a prompt that clearly describes the purpose of the update and specifies the key sections to include is correct because effective prompts guide Copilot by clearly defining the objective and structure of the document. Including elements such as project progress, risks, and next steps helps Copilot generate a draft that aligns with stakeholder communication needs.

Reference:

<https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/training/modules/draft-refine-business-content/2-draft-content-using-copilot>

質問: 54

あなたは社内のMicrosoft Teams会議に遅れて参加し、見逃した内容を確認したいと考えていました。会議は録画されています。

会議で欠席した部分の内容を、できるだけ早く要約する必要があります。

目標を達成するための最善のアプローチは何ですか？複数の選択肢が目標を達成できる可能性があります。最も適切な回答を選択してください。

- A. Teams アプリから、Teams の Copilot に、これまでの内容を要約するように依頼してください。
- B. 会議の議事録を読んでください。
- C. Microsoft 365 Copilot アプリから、Copilot に見逃した内容を尋ねてください。
- D. Teams アプリから、インテリジェントな要約を表示します。

正解: ([正解を表示します](#))

To quickly summarize a missed portion of a recorded Microsoft Teams meeting, open the meeting chat or calendar entry in the Teams app and select the Recap tab to view the Intelligent Recap. This AI-powered feature provides automated notes, key discussion topics, action items, speaker timelines, and chapter markers to efficiently catch up.

Reference:

<https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/office/recap-in-microsoft-teams-c2e3a0fe-504f-4b2c-bf85-504938f110ef>

質問: 55

プロダクトマネージャーが、Microsoft 365 Copilot を使用して、モバイルアプリケーションに関する最近の顧客フィードバックを記述した一連の社内文書を分析しています。マネージャーは、Copilot に顧客から報告された最も一般的な問題を特定させ、製品チームが優先的に取り組むべき領域を提案させたいと考えています。

マネージャーは最初に「これらの文書を確認し、要約してください」という指示を送信します。Copilotは概要を生成しますが、顧客の繰り返し発生する問題や実行可能な推奨事項を明確に特定していません。Copilotの応答の質を最も効果的に向上させるには、どの指示を修正すればよいでしょうか？

- A. 重要な詳細がすべて網羅されるように、Copilotに詳細な要約を作成するよう依頼してください。
- B. コパイロットに文書を分析して、最も頻繁に言及されている顧客の問題を特定するように指示します。
- C. Copilotに、インサイトを生成する前に文書を簡略化された形式に書き直すよう依頼する
- D. 必要な分析の種類を指定せずに、Copilotに文書をレビューして洞察を生成するよう依頼する

正解: ([正解を表示します](#))

Instruct Copilot to analyze the documents and identify the most frequently mentioned customer issues is correct because effective prompts clearly define the task and the type of analysis required. By specifying that Copilot should identify recurring issues, the user provides clearer guidance that leads to more actionable results.

Reference:

<https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/training/modules/employ-copilot-assistant/3-write-effective-prompts-optimize-copilot-responses>

質問: 56

Microsoft 365 Copilot の会話が開いています。

会話中は、Agent1という名前のエージェントとチャットする必要があります。

Agent1を呼び出すには、何を入力すればよいですか？

- A. [Agent1]
- B. #Agent1
- C. /Agent1
- D. @Agent1

正解: ([正解を表示します](#))

In a Microsoft 365 Copilot conversation, you can use the @ symbol to mention and add a specific agent to your chat. However, the command is typically @ followed by the actual name of the agent (e.g., @Salesforce or @CRM agent).

Reference:

<https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/office/find-and-add-copilot-agents-to-group-chats-in-microsoft-teams-4a837195-3d75-438f-a336-840c16a74432>

有効的な**AB-730J**問題集はJPNTTest.com提供され、**AB-730J**試験に合格することに役に立ちます！JPNTTest.comは今最新**AB-730J**試験問題集を提供します。JPNTTest.com AB-730J試験問題集はもう更新されました。ここで**AB-730J**問題集のテストエンジンを手に入れます。最新版のアクセス、<https://www.jpntest.com/shiken/AB-730J-mondaishu> **88**問、**30%ディスカウント**、特別な割引コード: **JPNshiken**」